ORIGINAL ARTICLE Kjesbu et al.

Latitudinally distinct stocks of Atlantic cod face fundamentally different biophysical challenges under on-going climate change

and supported by related articles

presented by Svein Sundby

NWWAC Webinar Dublin, 12 June 2024

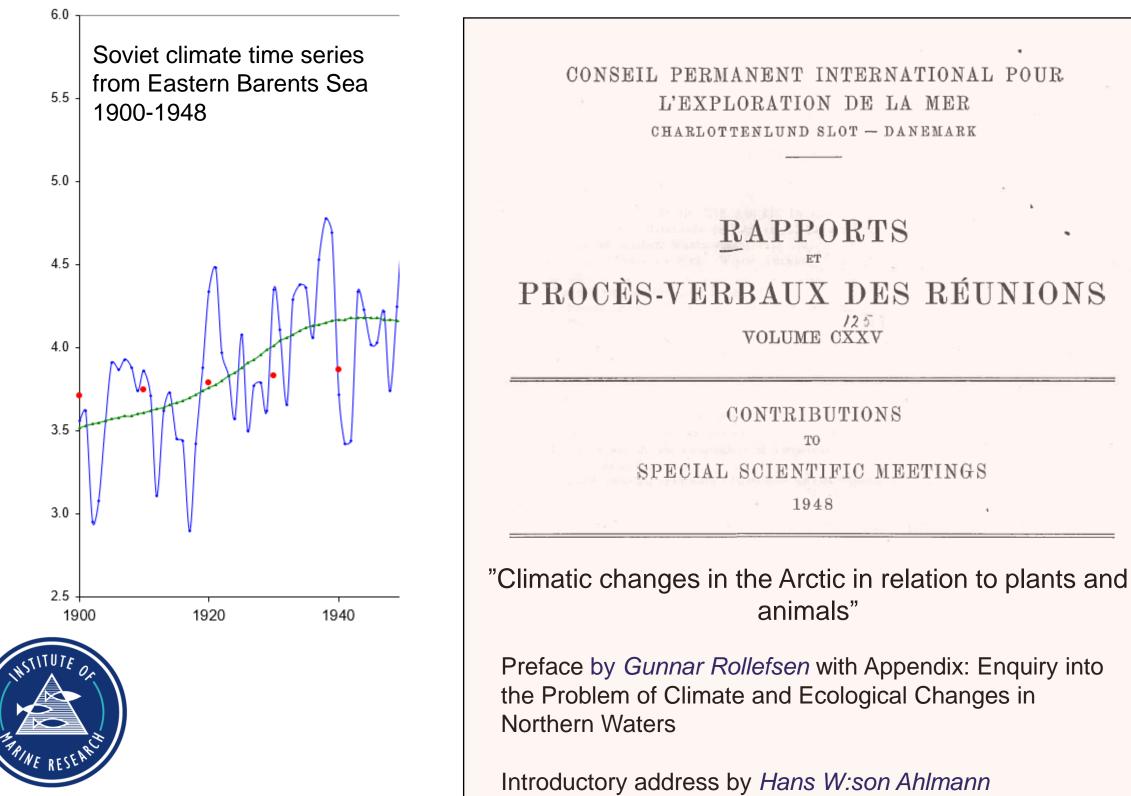






Impacts of climate change in marine ecosystem was already in the focus of ICES before 1950

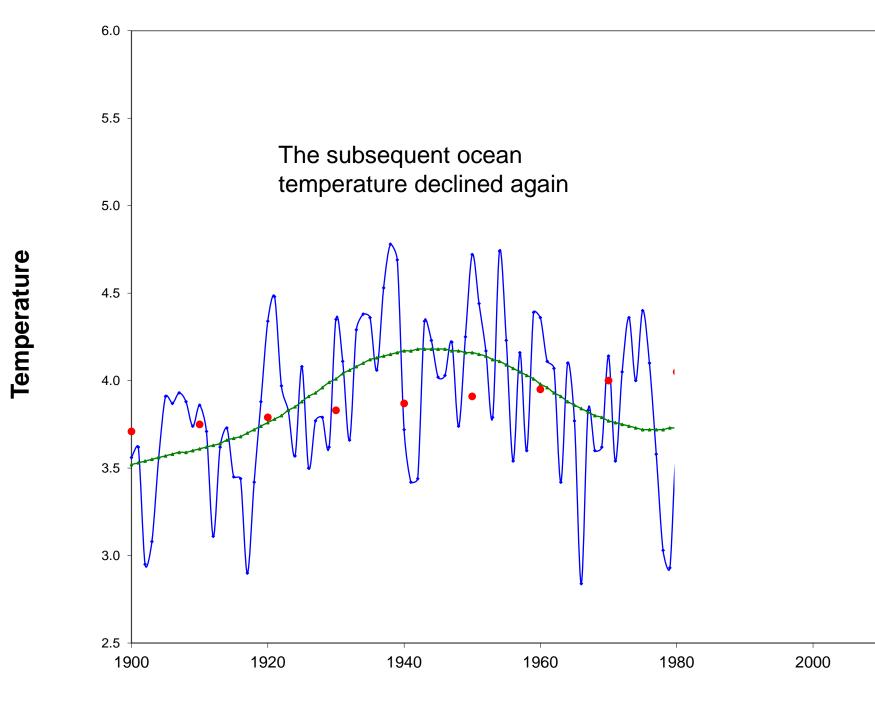
1948: ICES Special scientific meeting on «Climatic changes in the Arctic in relation to plants and animals»



Temperature

A. Contribution to Physical Changes Recent Climatic Fluctuations by Leo Lysgaard The increase in the Sea Temperature in Northern Waters during Recent Years by Jens Smed **B.** Contributions on Biological changes On Changes in the Marine Fauna on the North-Western Atlantic Area, with special reference to Greenland by Å. Vedel Tåning Boreo-tended Changes in the Marine Vertebrate Fauna of Iceland during the last 25 years by Arni Fredriksson Fluctuations in the two most important Stocks of Fish in Northern Waters, the Cod and the Herring by Gunnar Rollefsen On Changes in the Distribution of Terrestrial Animals in Relation to Climatic Changes by Poul Jespersen The Forecasting of Climatic Fluctuations and Its Importance to the Arctic Fisheries by Arthur Lee

observations, 30-yr low-pass filter of observations

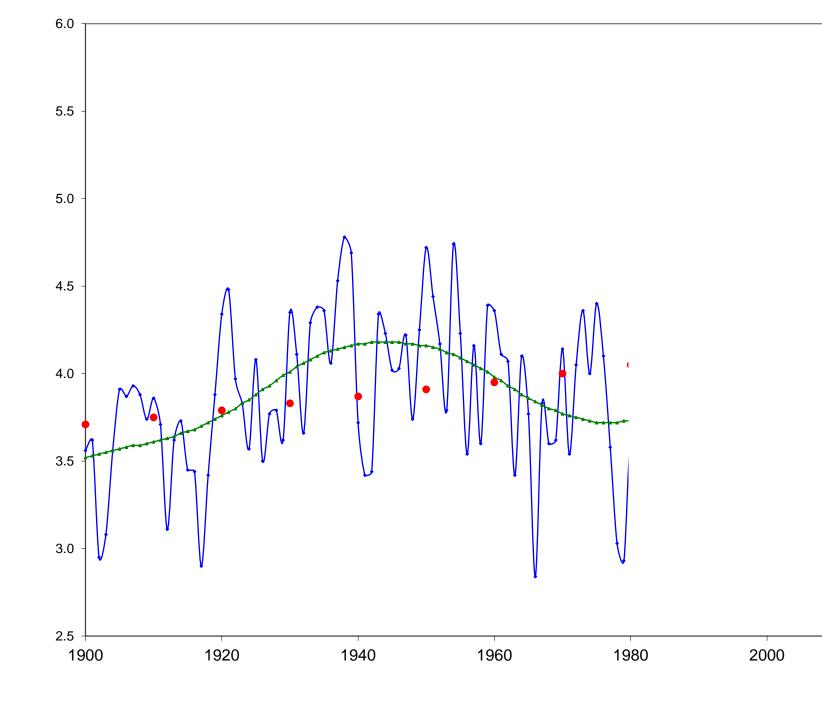




Year



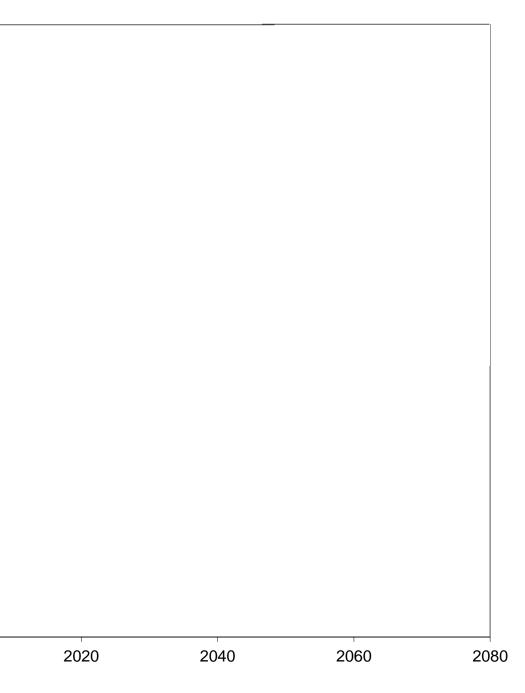
observations, 30-yr low-pass filter of observations



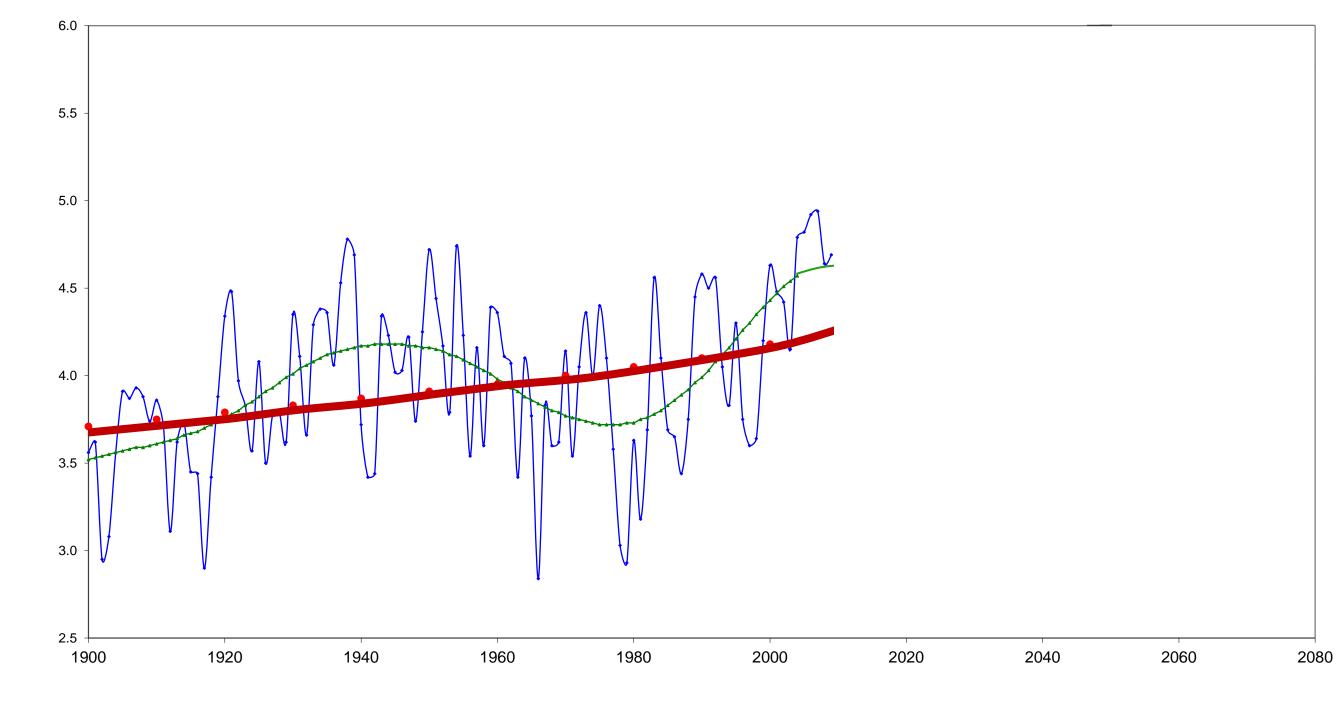
Temperature







observations, 30-yr low-pass filter of observations, and modelled anthropogenic component

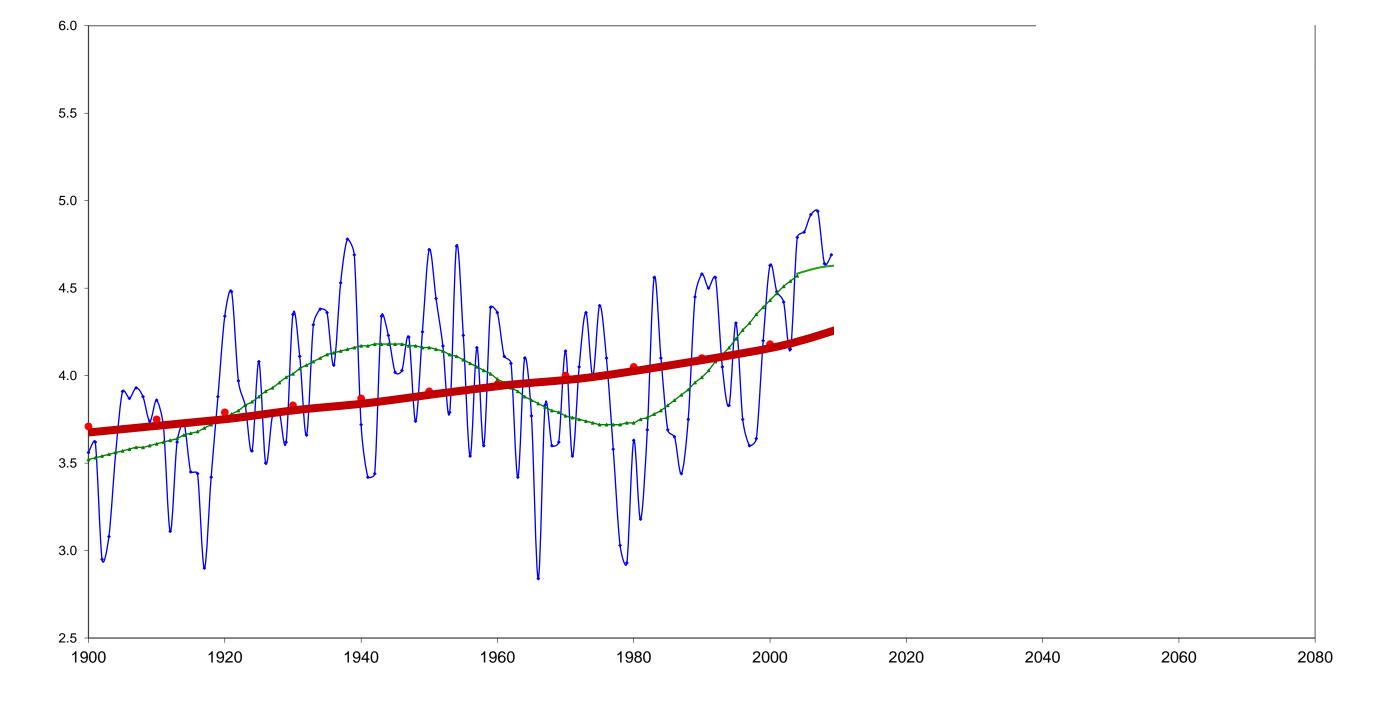


Temperature



Year

observations, 30-yr low-pass filter of observations, and modelled anthropogenic component

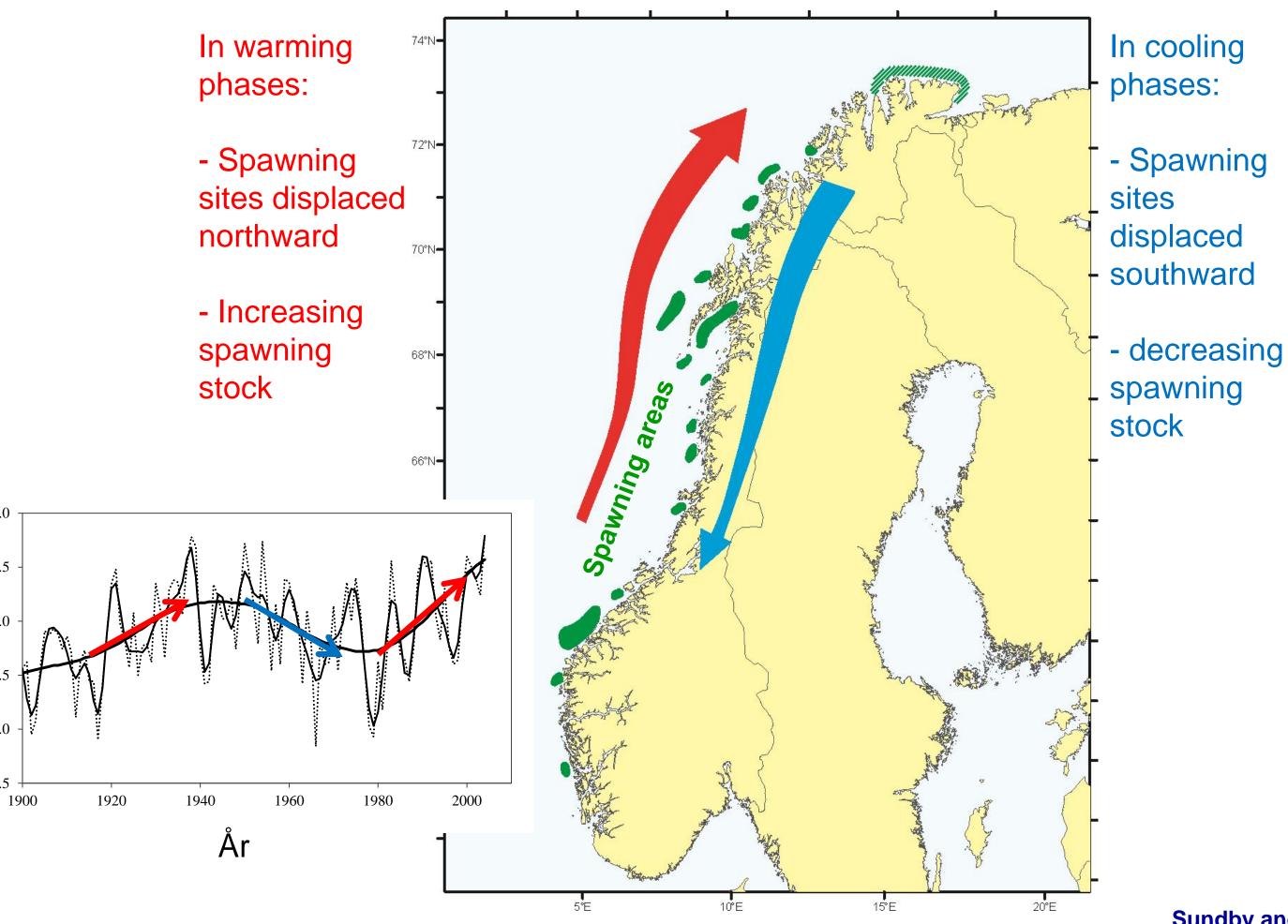


Temperature



Year

Climate response from Northeast-Arctic cod





5.0

4.5

4.0

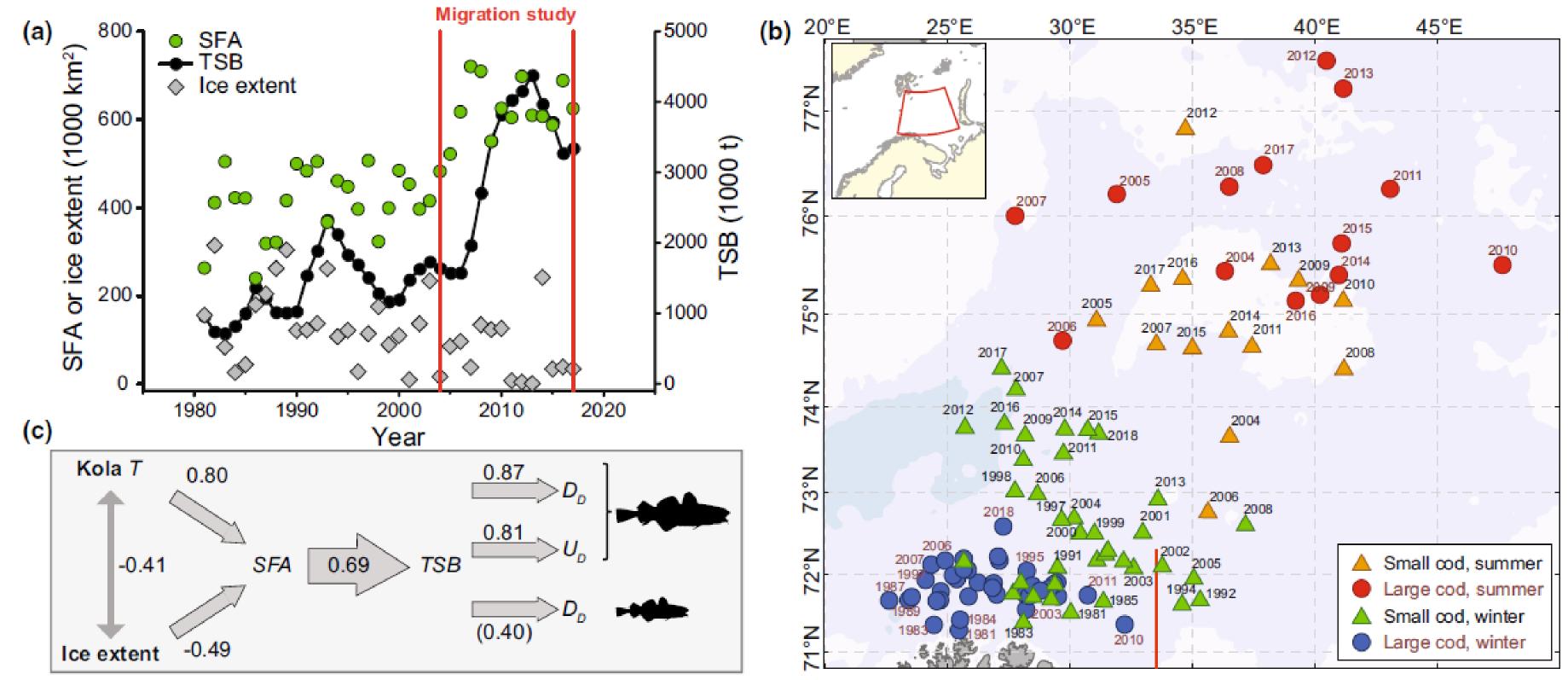
3.0

2.5

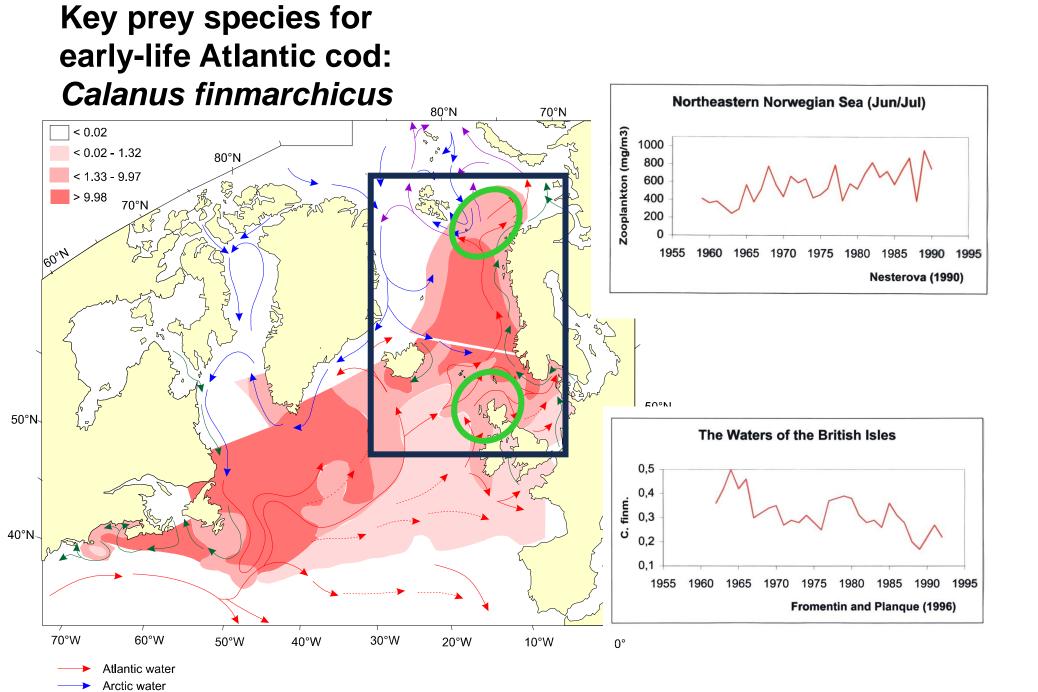
Temperatur

Sundby and Nakken (2008) IJMS

Cod migration dynamics in the Barents Sea

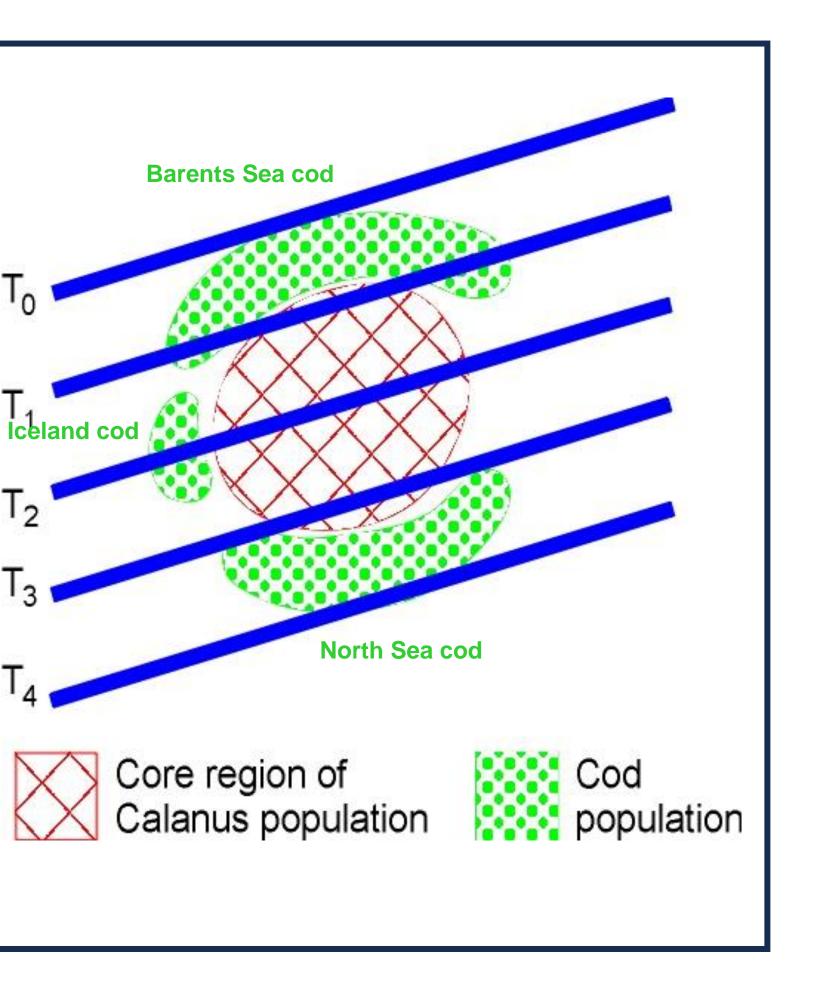




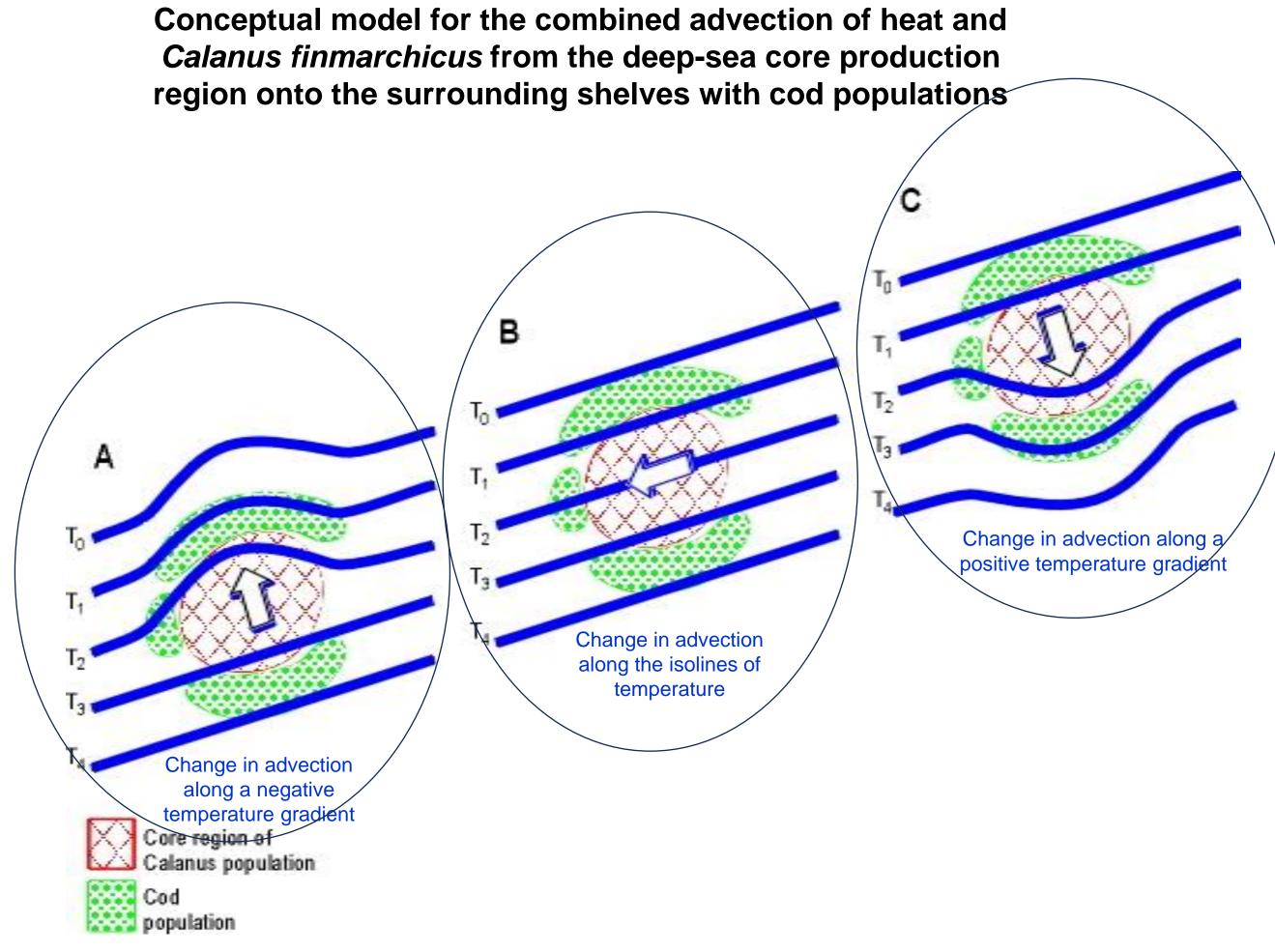


----> Coastal water



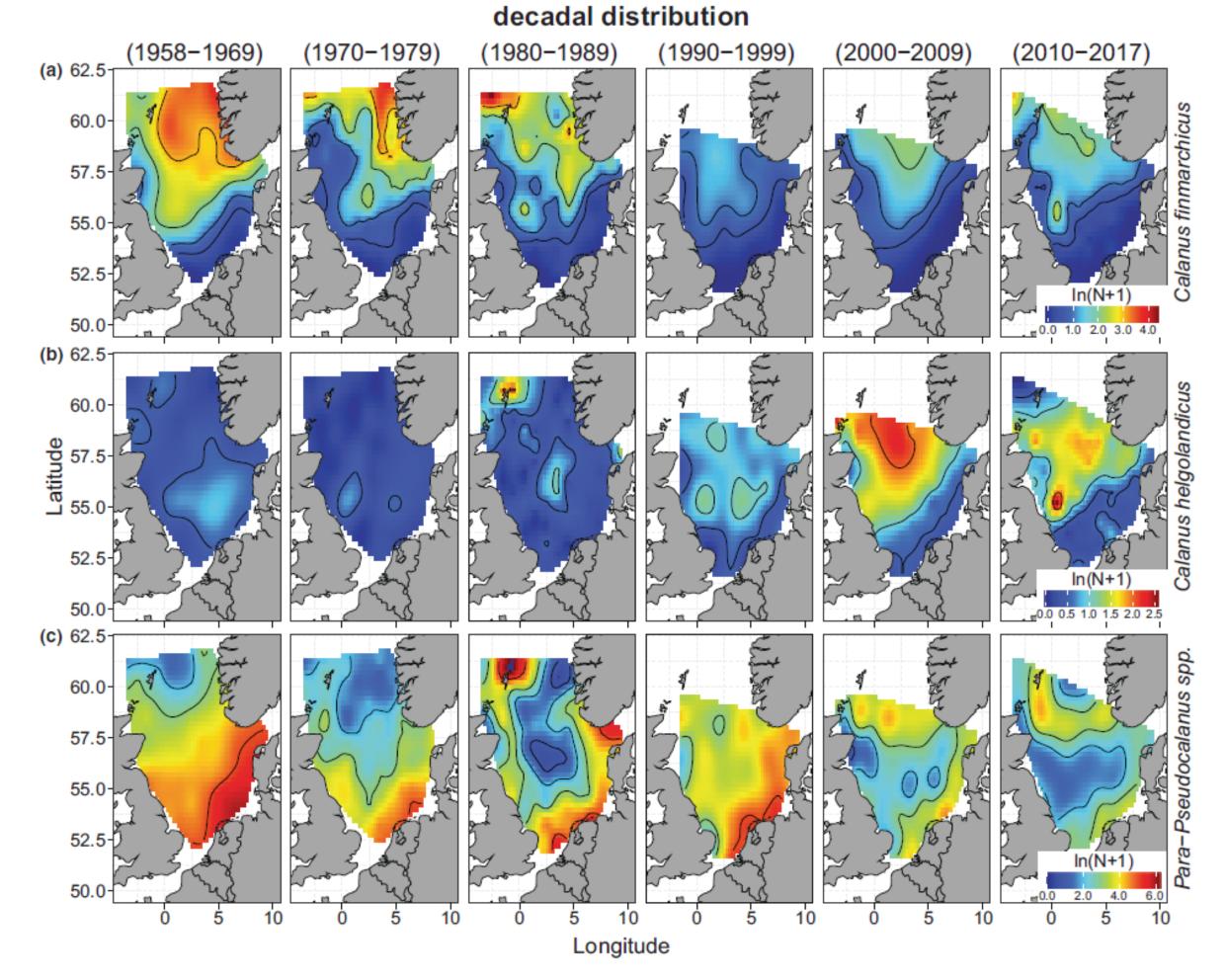


Sundby (2000)





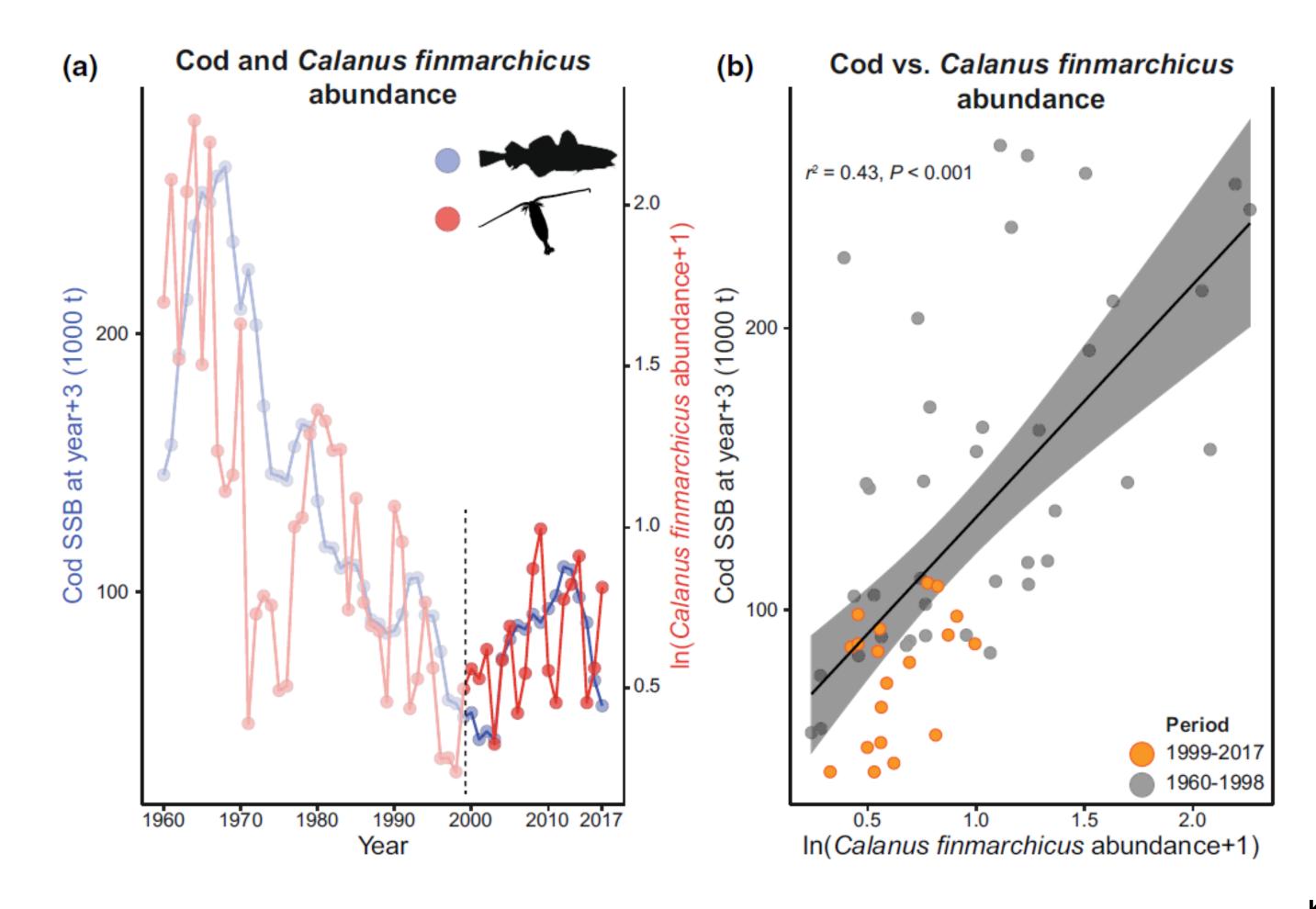
Sundby (2000)





Calanus finmarchicus, C. helgolandicus and Para-Pseudocalanus spp.

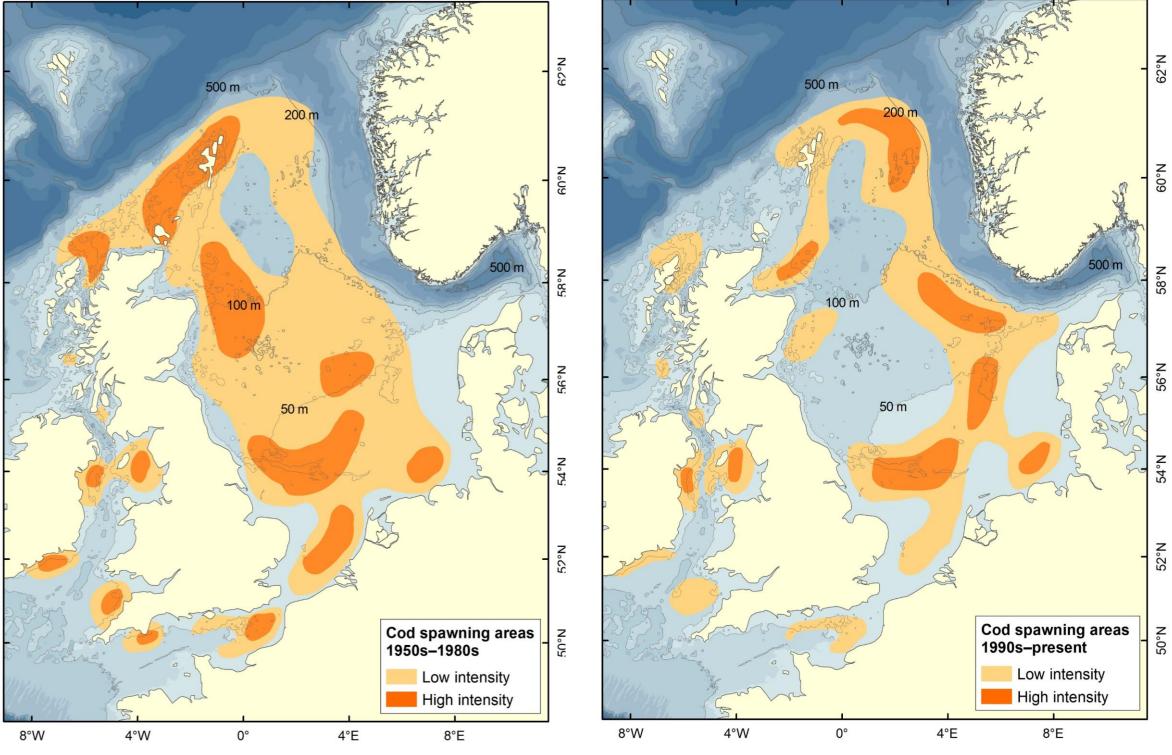
North Sea cod and Calanus finmarchicus

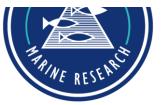




Cod spawning areas 1950s -1980s

Cod spawning areas 1980s - present





Sundby et al. (2017) KINO Report

SYNTHESIS BASED ON LITERTURE 1994-2016:

Brander, K.M. 1994. The location and timing of cod spawning around the British Isles. *ICES Journal of Marine Science*, 51: 71-89.

Rogers, S., and Stocks, R. 2001. North Sea fish and fisheries. Technical Report TR_003. Strategic Environmental Assessment – SEA. CEFAS, Lowestoft.72 pp.

Wright, P.J., Gibb, F.M., Gibb, I.M., Heath, M.R., and McLay, H.A. 2003. North Sea cod spawning grounds. Fisheries Research Services Internal Report No 17/03. Fisheries Research, Services Marine Laboratory, Aberdeen. 13pp.

Gibb, I.M., Wright, P.J., and Campbell, R. 2008. Identifying critical spawning and nursery areas for North Sea cod; improving the basis for cod management. Scottish Industry / Science Partnership (SISP) Report No 03/08. Fisheries Research Services. 18pp.

Fox, C.J., Taylor, M., Dickey-Collas, M., Fossum, P., Kraus, G., Rohlf, N., Munk, P., van Damme, C.J.G., Bolle, L.J., Maxwell, D.L., and Wright, P.J. 2008. Mapping the spawning grounds of North Sea cod (*Gadus morhua*) by direct and indirect means. *The Royal Society. Proceedings: Biological Sciences* 275(1642): 1543-1548.

Munk, P., Fox, C.J., Bolle, L.J., van Damme, C.J. G., Fossum, P., and Kraus, G. 2009. Spawning of North Sea fishes linked to hydrographic features. *Fisheries Oceanography* 18(6): 458–469.

ICES. 2010. Report of the Working Group on North Sea Cod and Plaice Egg Surveys in the North Sea (WGEGGS), 9–11 November 2010, ICES Headquarters, Copenhagen. ICES CM 2010/SSGESST:23. 29 pp.

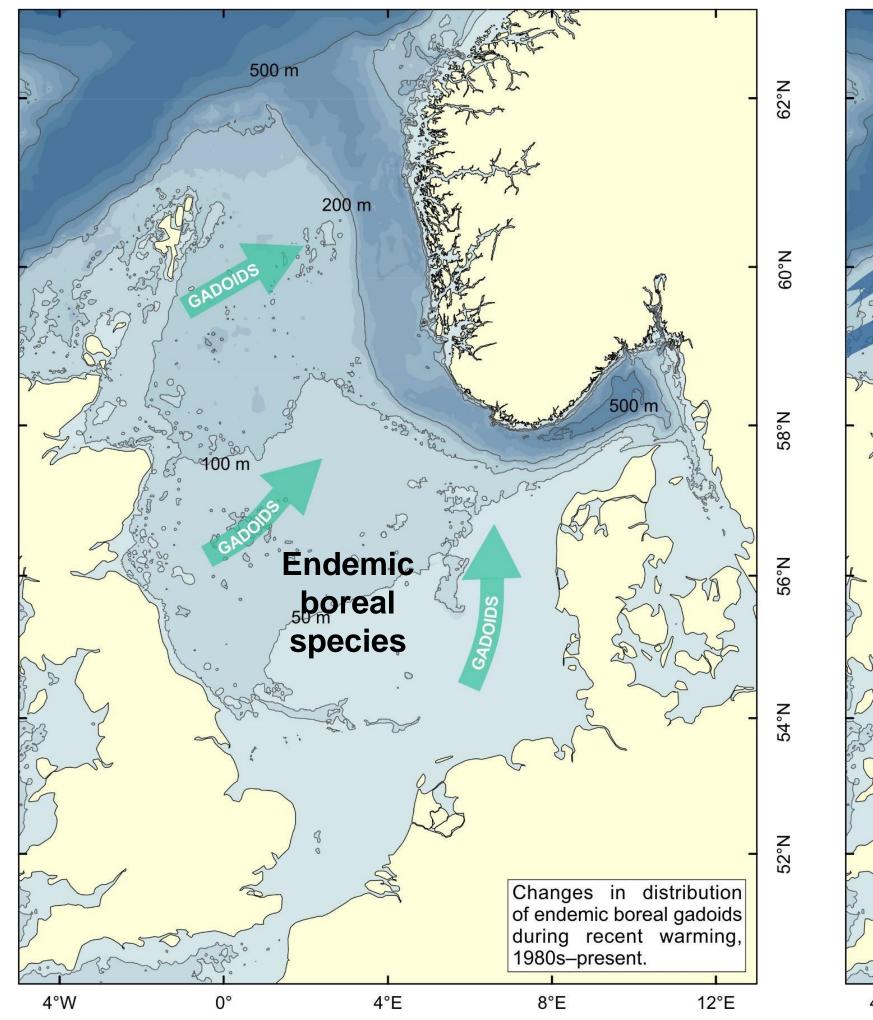
ICES. 2011. Report of the Working Group on North Sea Cod and Plaice Egg Surveys in the North Sea (WGEGGS), 25–27 October 2011, Sète, France. ICES CM 2011/SSGESST:19. 14 pp.

Ellis, J.R., Milligan, S.P., Readdy, L., Taylor, N. and Brown, M.J. 2012. Spawning and nursery grounds of selected fish species in UK waters. CEFAS Science Series Technical Report no. 147.

Hislop, J. Bergstad, O.A., Jakobsen, T., Sparholt, H., Blasdale, Wright, P., Kloppmann, M., Hillgruber, N., and Heessen, H. 2015. Cod – *Gadus morhua* Linnaeus, 1758. *In*: H.J.L. Heessen, N. Daan, and J.R.Ellis, editors. Fish Atlas of the Celtic Sea, North Sea, and Baltic Sea. Pp. 189-194. Wageningen Academic Publishers and KNNV Publishing, Wageningen, Netherlands (572 pp). ISBN: 978-90-8686-266-5.

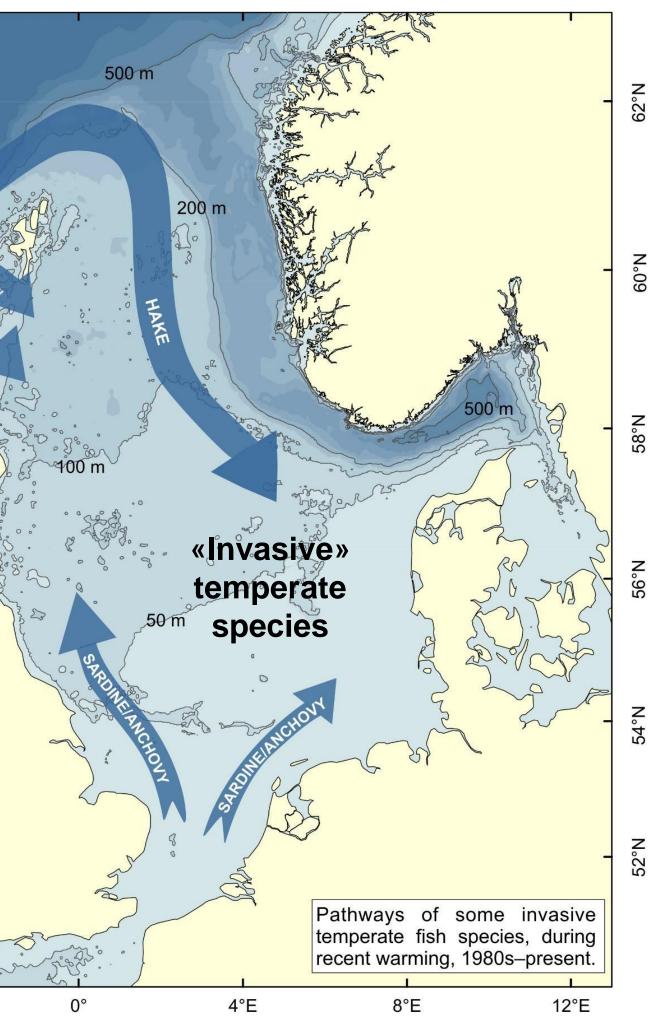
González-Irusta, J. M., and Wright, P. J. 2016. Spawning grounds of Atlantic cod (*Gadus morhua*) in the North Sea. *ICES Journal of Marine Science*, 73: 304–315.

North Sea shifts in species distributions since 1980s

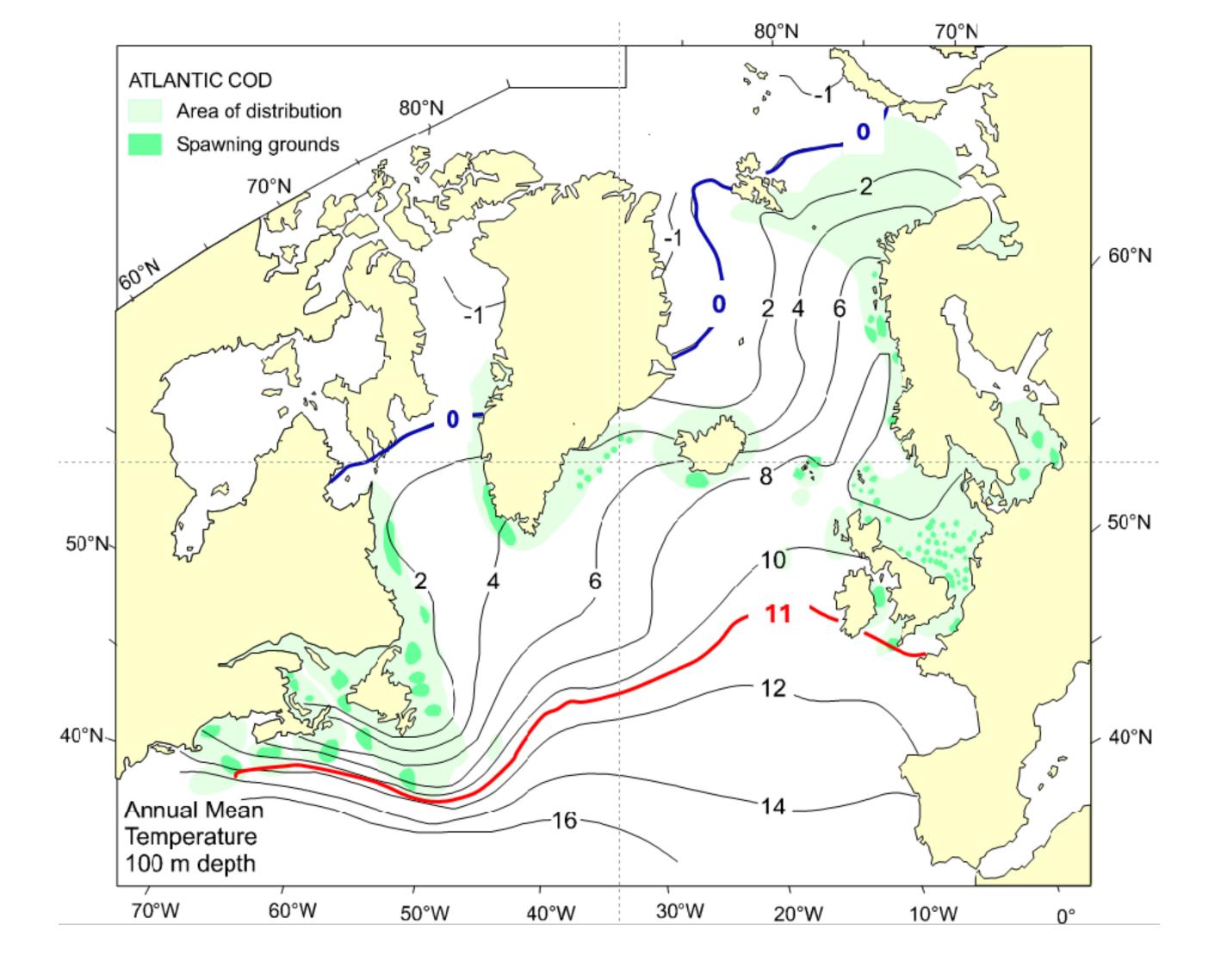




4°W

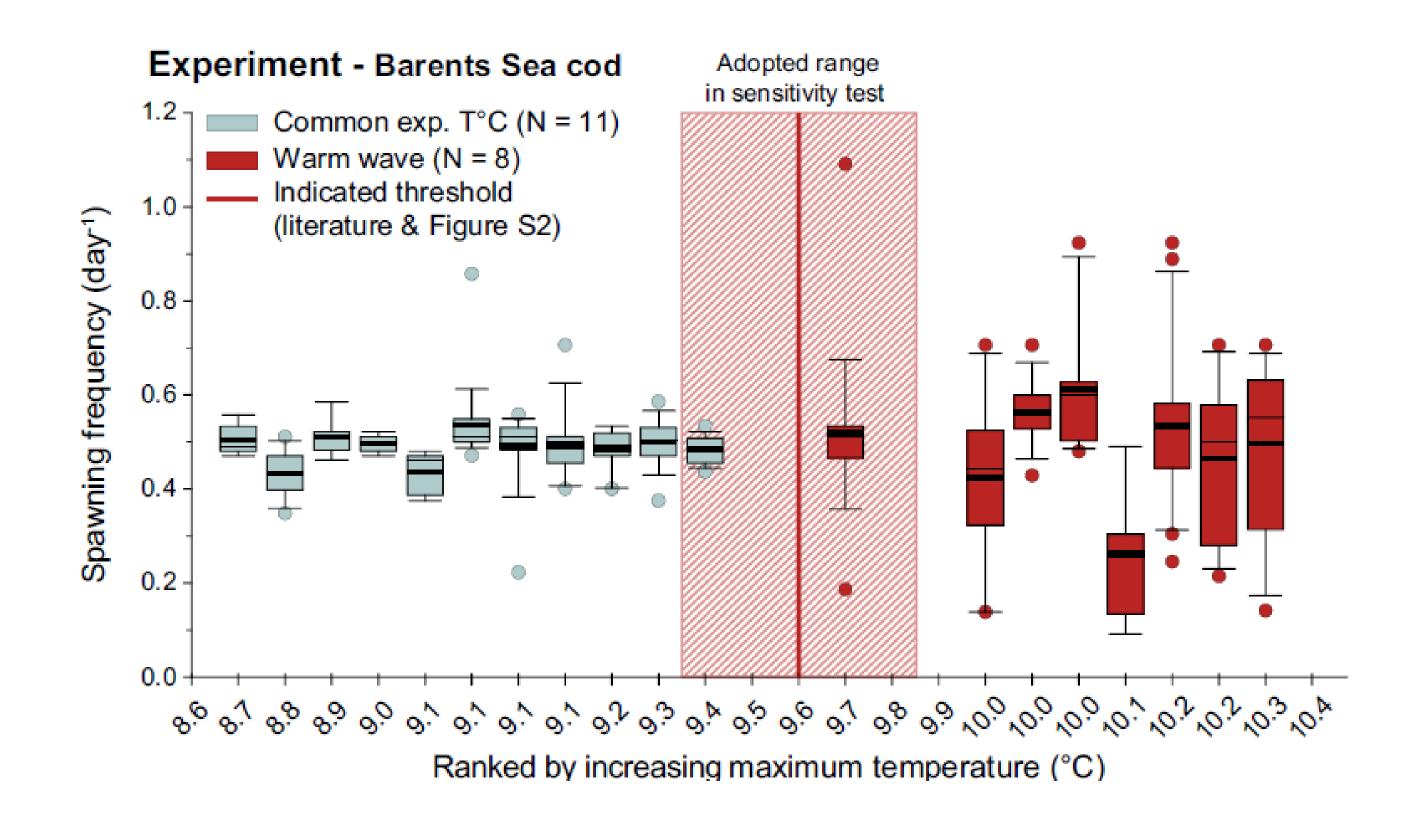


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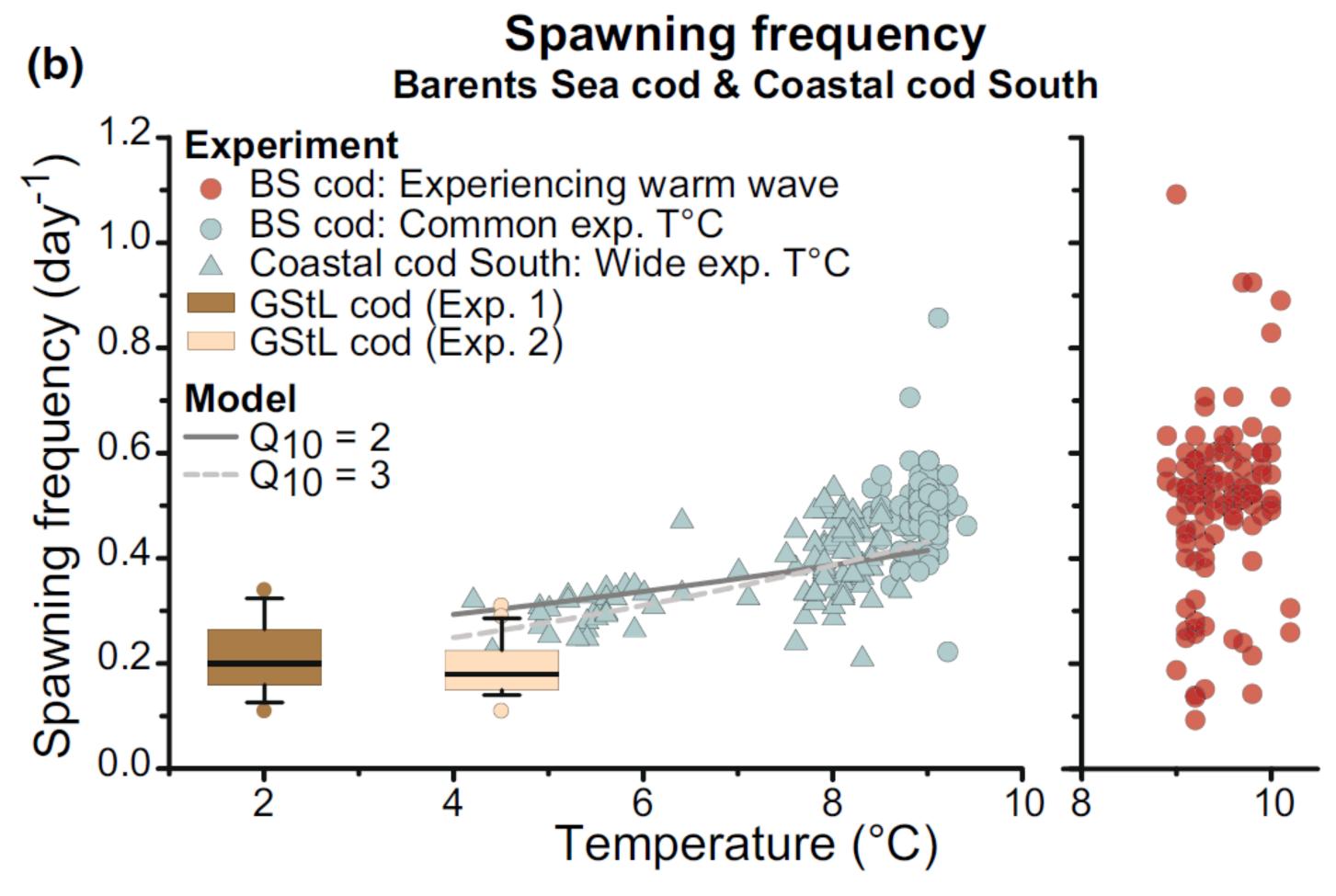


Sundby (2000)



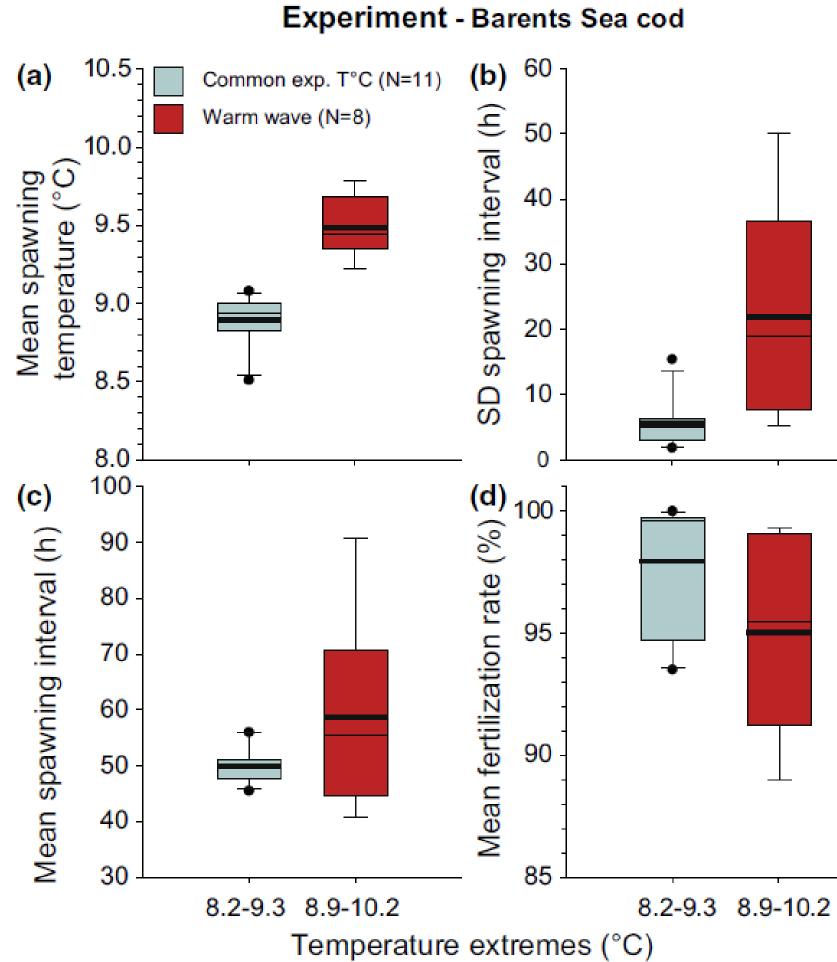




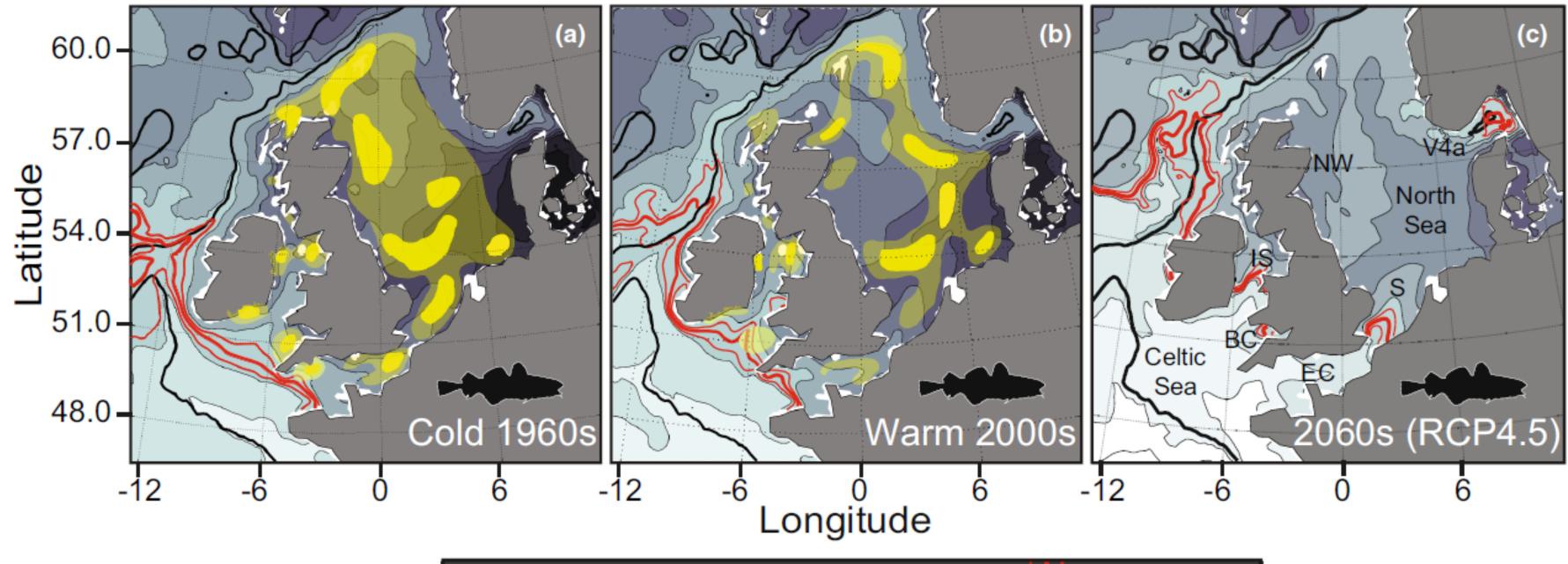


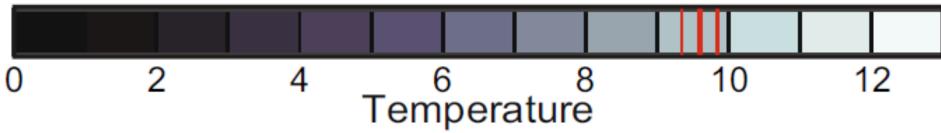






Cod spawning grounds displacement

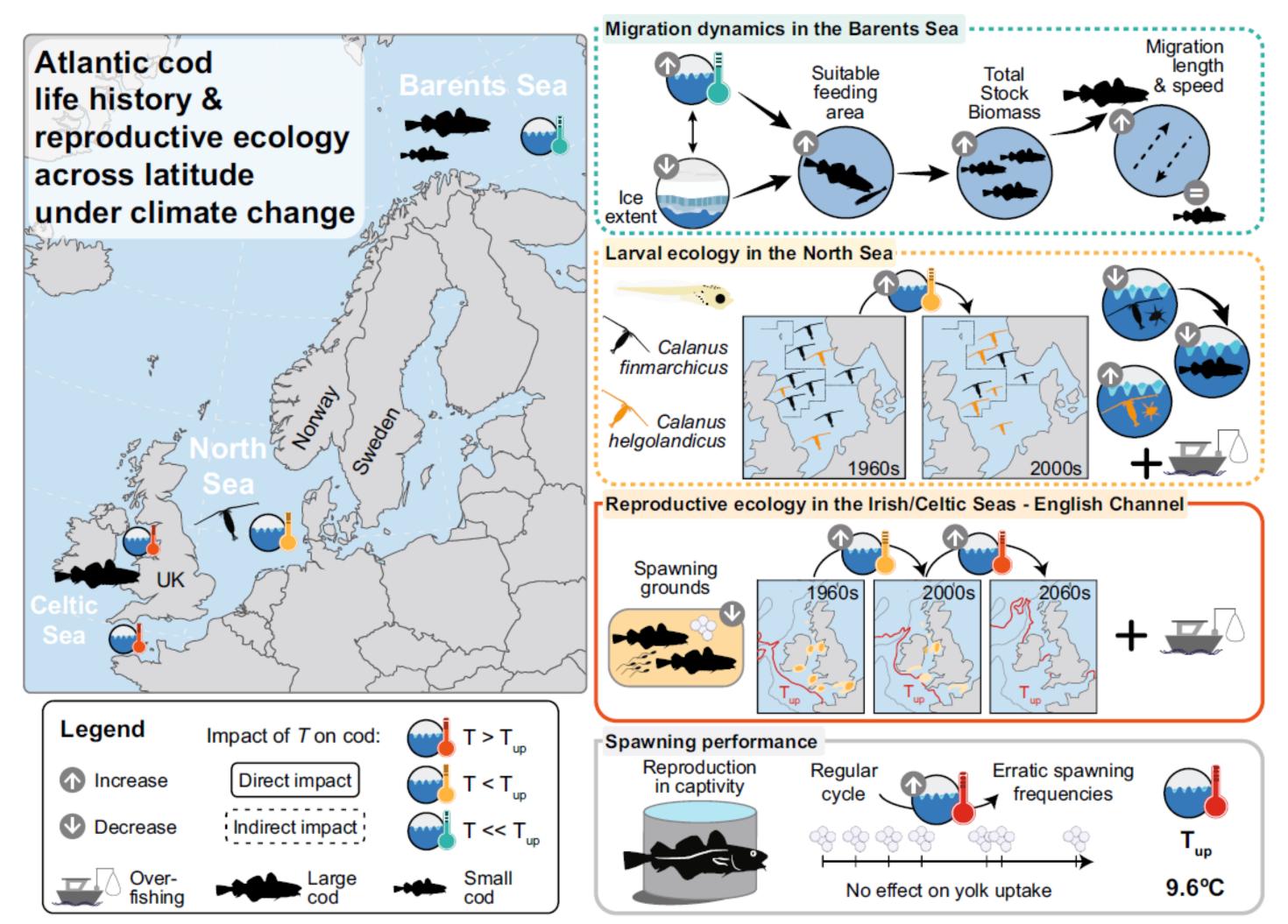






Kjesbu et al. (2023) F&F

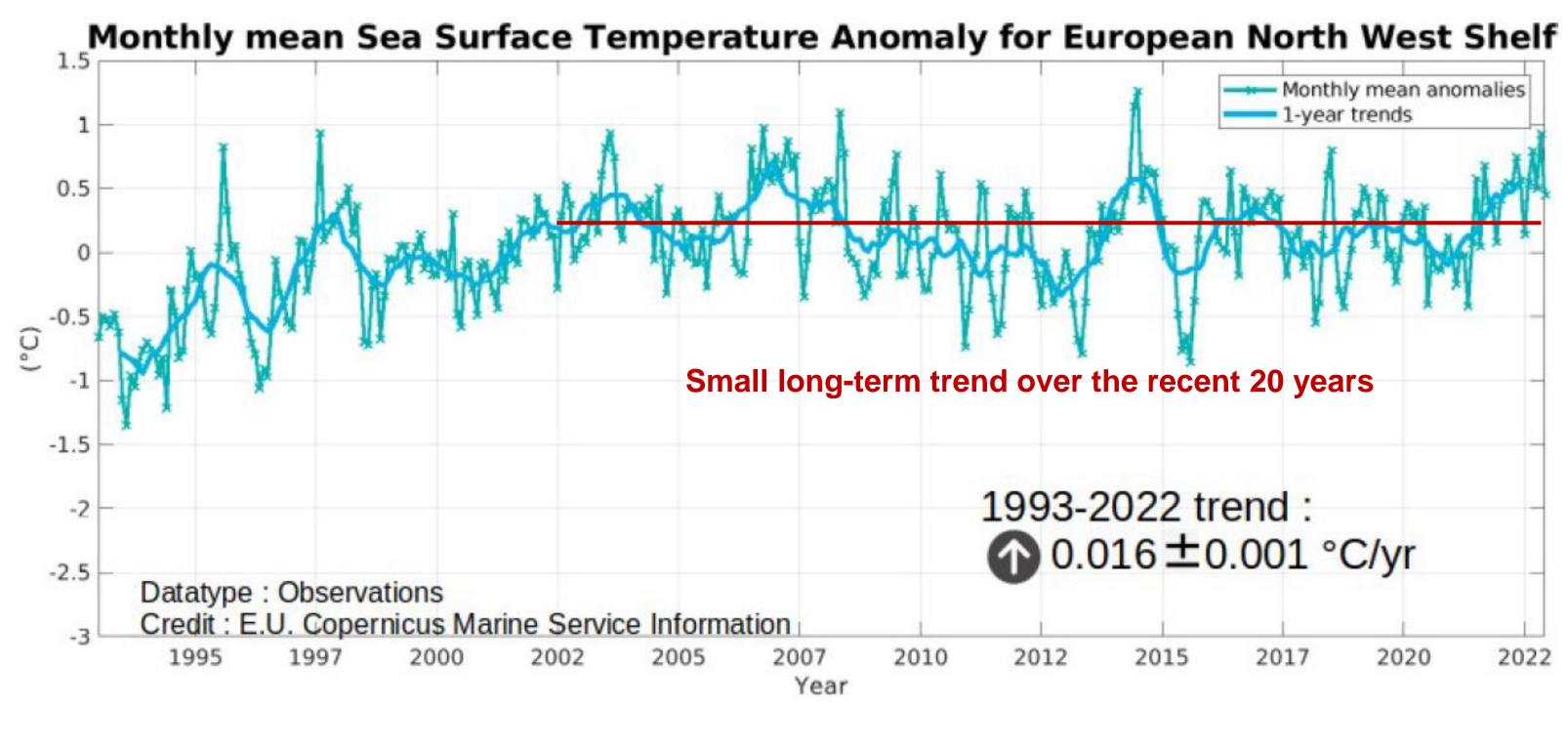
All three northeast Atlantic cod stocks have displaced their spawning areas northeastward during the recent 40 years of ocean warming



Supercritical spawning migration length due to improved feeding condition in the northern **Barents Sea**

Northward displacement of key spring-spawning prey species for the cod offspring

Supercritical tempeature for maturation and spawning of **SSB**









Conclusions for the Celtic Seas cod

- * Climate-induced decline/northward displacement of cod populations associated with the Celtic Seas are probably linked to multiple causes:
- 1) Most importantly, in the southernmost part of the habitat, ambient temperature for the maturing and spawning cod are on the limit of being supercritical resulting in unsuccessful spawning.
- 2) In central to northern regions, change in suitable prey species (e.g. spring-spawning copepods like *Calanus finmarchicus*) may have contributed to reduced offspring survival.

